

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce that HON. GARRETT S. WALL, Jr., is a candidate for Congress in this the Ninth Congressional district at the November election, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.

We are authorized to announce HON. J. C. WARD, Judge of the Superior Court of this district, as a candidate for reelection, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR CONSTABLE.

We are authorized to announce JOHN L. CHAMBERLAIN as a candidate for Constable in Maysville precinct, No. 2, at the next August election.

We are authorized to announce C. T. HENRI as a candidate for Constable in precinct No. 2 at the August election, 1886.

THE KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R.
"BLUE GRASS ROUTE."

Shortest and Quickest Route
From Central Kentucky to all points
North, East, West and South.
Fast Lines between
LEXINGTON AND CINCINNATI.

Schedule in effect May 14, 1886.

	No. 61 Except Sundays	No. 62 Except Sundays
Leave Covington.....	7:00 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
Leave Lexington.....	7:25 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Leave Paris.....	7:50 a.m.	4:25 p.m.
Arrive Millersburg.....	8:00 a.m.	5:40 p.m.
Leave Paris.....	8:25 a.m.	5:15 p.m.
Arrive Lexington.....	8:40 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Leave Lexington.....	8:50 a.m.	5:40 p.m.
Arrive Millersburg.....	9:10 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
Leave Lexington.....	9:30 a.m.	6:20 p.m.
Arrive Covington.....	10:10 a.m.	7:00 p.m.

Note—Trains 3 and 4 are daily between Winchester, Lexington and Cincinnati; other trains are daily except on Sundays. Direct connection is made at Winchester with Chesapeake and Ohio for Mt. Vernon, Ashland, Huntington, Charleston, W. Va., and Eastern cities. Fast Line—Nos. 3 and 4 run via Winchester, Solid trains, with Pullman sleeping cars, between Cincinnati and Richmond, Va., and Winchester and Washington, D. C. Through tickets and baggage checked to any destination reached by a railroad. For full particulars address of call on any of the companies or D. A. Peety, Traveling Passenger Agent, Lexington, Ky.; E. F. H. Morse, General Passenger Agent, Covington, Ky.

H. E. HUNTINGTON, Receiver.
General offices, Covington, Ky.

Maysville, Manchester, Vaneburg and Portsmouth via the
Fond Packet.

HANDY No. 2

H. S. REDDEN, J. BRUCE REDDEN,
Slater.
Leaves Maysville daily at 12 o'clock (noon) and arrives at Portsmouth at 8 o'clock, in time to connect with the Seoto Valley Railroad for Trenton, Tenn., and good points Charleston, and Richmond, Va. Close connection with Continental Line for the East.

MAYSLICK STILL TO THE FRONT
THEY MUST GO.

J. A. Jackson & Son, for the next thirty days, will offer all their Spring and Summer Goods at cheap prices. Theirs is the largest and complete, and all new and good goods. We invite special attention to our stock of Ladies' and Gents' Shoes of best makes, Ladies Dress Goods of the latest styles, Children's and baby's goods and a large stock of Notions.

Parasols, Fans, Hosiery, Gloves at your own prices. Brown and Black Cottons, Hosiery, Table Linens, Towels, and a large stock of Queensware, Glassware, Lamps, and everything generally found in first-class country town store. In fact, we have what some people term a Noah's Ark. Everything you can find in an above terms. We sell for CASH or TRADE only, the book is sold.

Also, a good two-seated Spring Wagon, a good Bugie, two sets of harness, a good pair of Shovel Flaps, and a lot of good Cedar Posts for sale cheap.

Those indebted to us will please call and settle. We need money.

J. A. JACKSON & SON.

LANE & WORKING,
Contractors,
ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

Plans and specifications furnished on reasonable terms and all work satisfactorily and promptly done. Office on Third street, between Wall and Sutton.

EQUITY GROCERY.

—Established 1865 by—

G. W. GEISEL.

Fruit and vegetables in season. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. Second street, directly opposite opera house, Maysville, Ky.

HENRY MERGARD.

—No. 7 Market street—

RELIABLE MERCHANT TAILOR.

Call and examine my samples of Foreign and Domestic Goods from the large wholesale houses of New York, and be convinced that you can get more reasonable terms than any other house in the city, and all guaranteed.

For dyeing and scouring houses in Cincinnati.

WALL & WORTHINGTON,
[GARRETT S. WALL,
J. L. WORTHINGTON]

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
Will practice in all courts in Mason and adjoining counties, and in the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. All collections made promptly attended to. *nov1886*

PARNELLITES HOPEFUL.

MR. THOMAS POWER O'CONNOR INTERVIEWED ON THE SITUATION.

Defeated But Not Discouraged, for Home Rule is Sure to Come Sooner or Later. Gratified With the American Press—The Tories May Not Have a Majority.

LONDON, July 12.—For the purpose of ascertaining the feeling among the Parnellites leaders regarding the results of the elections a Cable News representative called upon Mr. Thomas Power O'Connor, M. P., at the offices of the Irish parliamentary party in Westminster. Mr. O'Connor appeared to be in excellent spirits, and in his chat with the reporter, betrayed no signs of disappointment over the averse turn which the elections had taken.

"We are not at all discouraged," he said, "and can afford to wait for what must certainly come. This is not a defeat, but only a check, and Home Rule will come sooner than some people expect. The Tories are capable of anything while in office, but this time they have been humbled, and although too distinct to permit their dabbling in Home Rule legislation. If they did they would be unable to propose a measure that would satisfy us, and we won't accept anything less than Mr. Gladstone's bill. It is useless to despair. Another six months will complete the work which needs to be done, and we shall try again. The Liberals are not yet sufficiently educated, hence their fatal abatement from their policy. We shall educate them and then we shall have Home Rule. The Irish electors in Great Britain have voted loyally for the Liberal candidates, and the polling shows that ninety-seven per cent. of them exercised their right of suffrage. Some of the successful Liberals have been making a pretense that they had not been for the Liberal votes cast for them."

The organization of the Conservatives in this is that of a very clever and their discipline is excellent. Speaking of the Conservative nomination, I may tell you that I intend to introduce in the next house a bill to suppress the Primrose League, which is all its patriotic pretensions, is really a league formed for purposes of the most disgraceful intimidation of electors, and whose objects are faithfully carried out. I cannot permit you to go without requesting you to mention in your correspondence how gratified Mr. Parnell and the whole National party feel at the rational view of the situation which the American press has taken."

Will Not Have a Majority.

LONDON, July 12.—The new parliament appears to be near, and the British list at Bunker Hill we can see the whites of their eyes. The Tories will not have a majority. The train of 264 members will be met with 146 more elections to take place. Of these the Tories carried last autumn twenty English, five Scotch, and seven Irish constituencies. If members as it will give them a total of 266 members, which is thirty-nine short of half the house. If the tide continues to run as it has hitherto, they will be likely to lose the majority. They will have twenty-four short of half. But of the remaining vacancies ten are in Yorkshire, four in Derby, and four in Cumberland—all Gladstone strongholds. So are most of the Tories. The Tory gains are likely to number ten or under. Such a narrow margin easily gives them a clear majority. Thus, Mr. Chamberlain will occupy in the next house of commons the position of architect of minister of the day. Mr. Parnell is in the late parliament. A situation which will suit his malignant genius perfectly.

There is a story circulating to-night that Mr. Gladstone will ignore the division in his party when the house is called to meet, and assume that all members are Liberals who are not on the other side. It is a very old story, and it is a very old story. Mr. Gladstone will ignore the division in his party when the house is called to meet, and assume that all members are Liberals who are not on the other side. It is a very old story, and it is a very old story. Mr. Gladstone will ignore the division in his party when the house is called to meet, and assume that all members are Liberals who are not on the other side. It is a very old story, and it is a very old story.

Sir George Otto Trevelyan Defeated.

LONDON, July 12.—Mr. A. L. Brown, the Gladstonian candidate for Haverhill, has defeated Sir George Otto Trevelyan, the Liberal Unionist, who contested his seat. Sir George's defeat was the result of his own carelessness in the election, and of his own carelessness in the election, and of his own carelessness in the election.

One Thousand Leons Laid.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 12.—At the Natik mill 175 weavers are out on a strike and 1,000 tons are idle, owing to dissatisfaction with recent changes in a part of the mill from "fruit of the loom" to "will good."

Shot His Brother.

MR. VERNON, July 12.—While two boys, brothers, named Biggs, were shooting at rats at their home near Gambler, one accidentally shot the other through the head. The injury is supposed to be fatal.

General Arthur Better.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 12.—Gen. Arthur's physician says the general's health is improving, and he is confident to gain steady.

GERONIMO WOUNDED.

A Report That His Son Has Charge of the Hostile Indians.

TOMBSTONE, Ariz., July 12.—A telegram received here from Fort Huachuca announces that five hostile Indians, including Geronimo, the prisoners taken that Geronimo is severely wounded and is now in the Sierra Madre, going north. The Indians are apparently straggling to this side of the line. A couple of days ago a band of six crossed the railroad, west of Benson, going north. One of the horses of the carcass of a horse which they had killed and moccasins traces were found. Settlers fear a repetition of the recent outrages. The Indians so far have contented themselves with killing cattle for food. A courier arrived at Tombstone this evening from Lawton command, which stated that a plenty of provisions, and have followed the trail.

The Indians are now broken up into small parties. Two of these are reported to have reunited about fifty miles south of Lawton's present position near Los Delicias mine. The command found two Americans who had been killed by the Apaches. The command had endured great hardships from lack of food and water. All the mountains in this section have been burned off, and there is no grass. The rainy season has now set in and promises better. Lawton is pressing the Indians before him and is thoroughly scouring the country. Mexican troops are agreed to lead them off in the south. The hostiles are thus inside the triangle, two sides of which are composed of United States troops and the base of Lawton's command. They will have to surrender unless they succeed in eluding the troops and slipping back into the country. Mexican troops are making an effort to distinguish themselves. Regarding the fight between the Apaches and Mexican, when the Peck girl was recaptured, a scout who talked with Mexican troops, that the Mexicans were engaged in the fight and only five Apaches—four bucks and one squaw—were killed. The Mexicans were the ones who were on the field. They were buried by Lawton when he came up next day.

HE WAS DETERMINED TO DIE.

Mr. Holtz Cuts His Throat and Jumps From Train.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The attention of the half-price passengers on the Pennsylvania railroad train due at Trenton at 3:30 o'clock, was attracted by a man who was jumping away from Philadelphia by the uneasy behavior of a man about forty years old, well dressed and good looking, who every few minutes darted from the train and stepped up and down the aisle of the rear car. The man had boarded the train at Altoona and acted very queerly. During his peeping up and down the aisle he stroked his full brown beard nervously and stared out of the windows. A laborer in the rear of the train, who was a stranger, bounded from his seat and rushed through the car. Then drawing a casket he threw it across his throat. The man gave a gasp, and then he drew the knife, and he sprang from the rear platform and sprang from the car.

The train stopped at Trenton, and the man was found on the ground near the rear platform. He was found with a deep wound in his throat, and he was found with a deep wound in his throat, and he was found with a deep wound in his throat. The man was found with a deep wound in his throat, and he was found with a deep wound in his throat, and he was found with a deep wound in his throat.

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Horribly Mangled by a Reaper.

LEXA, O., July 12.—Another horrible report from the reaper is that of a man who was killed by a reaper. The man was killed by a reaper, and he was killed by a reaper, and he was killed by a reaper.

Fatally Killed by a Horse.

FINDLAY, O., July 12.—An eight-year-old son of John Shinghouse, of Portage township, this county, while playing behind horses at his father's farm, was run over by one of them with such force that he was thrown among a self-blinder, his head striking a sharp point. The horse was frightened, and his brains oozed out on the ground. At last reports the boy was dying.

Hunter Fatally Shot.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 12.—Last Wednesday Ashby Sharp and Amos Rider, who were near Haverhill, were out hunting. Sharp was shot and killed by a horse. Sharp was shot and killed by a horse, and he was shot and killed by a horse.

Found Murdered.

SOUTH CUMBERLAND, W. Va., July 12.—The dead body of a colored woman was found in bed here. She was found with a deep wound in her head, and she was found with a deep wound in her head, and she was found with a deep wound in her head.

REVENUE REFORM BILL.

MORRISON'S ADVERSE REPORT ON THE RANDALL TARIFF BILL.

The Randall Bill Severely Criticized—The Effect It Would Have on a Business. A Veto Put on the Bill to Erect a Public Building at Asheville, N. C.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Col. Morrison has submitted to the house his adverse report on the Randall revenue reform bill. He says the lateral revenue reduction would be \$20,400,000, and the customs reduction estimated by Mr. Randall at \$8,000,000. The proposed reduction of \$48,000,000, he says, is inconsistent with Mr. Randall's statement that there are no excessive revenues. In view of the effect and purpose of the bill the committee would leave it to the neglect of the bill to the effect and purpose of the bill the committee would leave it to the neglect of the bill to the effect and purpose of the bill.

The bill changes rates of duty on less than one-tenth of the revenue-yielding articles. The effect of the bill would be to increase the customs revenue \$2,000,000. The tax on oil, clothing is increased, as is that on plate, cotton ties and woollens. The estimates are made on the assumption that the tariff will be reduced to the present level.

The free list provisions are virtually all in the tariff bill heretofore reported, as are the Hervey administrative provisions.

The introduction of this bill is the first avowed attempt to empty the treasury by the taxing power to afford protection for protection's sake—to reduce revenue by excluding importations.

The bill indicates an origin unclear in method and unsound in result. The reduction of internal revenue taxes have been as rapid as the demands on the treasury justified, and the tax on tobacco and whisky could not now be judiciously removed or reduced. The repeal of the tobacco tax would add no additional employment, while free trade would mean a loss of salt would be of incalculable benefit.

House.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The speaker laid before the house a message from the president vetoing a bill granting a pension to Daniel B. Roy, referred to the committee on invalid pensions.

On motion of Mr. Scranton, of Pennsylvania, a bill was passed providing of holding terms of the United States court at Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Conger, of Iowa, from the committee on land patents, reported a bill to amend the president's veto of bills granting pensions to Elizabeth Luce and Catherine McCarthy. Ordered printed.

Mr. Hager of Pennsylvania, presented petitions signed by 550 Knights of Labor from his district in favor of legislation to promote labor unionism.

Mr. Belmont from the committee on foreign affairs, reported back a resolution which was adopted requesting the president to transmit to the Senate a report on the relations of the United States to the Republic of Cuba.

After some minor business the house resumed consideration of the general deficiency bill, the pending amendment being that to refund to certain railroads, taxes illegally collected. The amendment was rejected. Yeas 104, nays 108.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The senate has adopted Mr. Hoar's resolution calling on the president for information regarding the seizure and detention of American vessels for foreign ports. The resolution is as follows:

"RESOLVED, That the president of the United States be requested, so far as in his opinion it may not be inconsistent with the public interest, to inform the senate of all facts in his possession, or that of the department of state, in regard to the seizure and detention of American vessels for foreign ports, and the extent of the same, and what efforts have been made to procure their release, and to prevent their recurrence."

The chair laid before the senate a message from the president vetoing the bill appropriating \$10,000 for a public building at Dayton, Ohio. Referred to the committee on public buildings and grounds.

On motion of the secretary of war with report of a board of army officers on the subject of a site on Lake Michigan near Chicago, tendered by the Commercial Club of that city for military purposes, and requesting legislation authorizing the government to accept the same. Referred to committee on military affairs.

Vetoing a Public Building BILL.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The president has vetoed the bill providing for the erection of a public building at Asheville, North Carolina.

KNIGHTLY COURTESIES.

Springfield Knights of Pythias Entertained by United States Brothers.

URBANA, O., July 12.—Red Star Lodge Uniform Rank, No. 44, of Springfield, O., visited Laurel Lodge, No. 7, Knights of Pythias, of Urbana, this evening. The Red Stars were accompanied by Capt. Alonzo Lafferty, and after their arrival in the city gave an exhibition drill on the square. At night they assisted in conferring the rank of Knight on two applicants. After the work was completed they were tendered a banquet at the Hotel Urbana.

During the supper L. Marks, master of ceremonies, announced the toasts. "The City of Springfield" was the first, and J. M. Lewis responded, and welcomed to Urbana the Red Stars and their leader, Gen. J. Warren Keller.

Gen. Keller was called upon and responded in a short speech. "We constitute a true Knight" was responded to by George M. Eichberger, of Urbana. "The Grand Lodge of Ohio," by Grand Vice Chancellor C. C. of Maumee, Ohio. The visit of Springfield, was called, and spoke briefly, as did several others. The occasion was a grand one in the history of the Knights of Pythias of Urbana, and the visitors departed in a very pleasant mood.

INCENDIARY FIRES.

Haverhill, Massachusetts, Suffer Two Heavy Losses at the Same Time.

HAVERHILL, Mass., July 12.—A fire broke out in Longfellow & Co.'s dining rooms in Ballston Hall at 3:30. The fire was quickly subdued by Shelton & Sargeant retail clothing store; thence to the Pacific Tea Company's store at 6, H. Cleveland & Co.'s shoe store and C. C. Morse & Son's book and periodical store in the same block. The contents of these three stores, and of various other offices in the upper stories, are a total loss aggregating, with the loss on the building, \$60,000. Taylor's large wooden four-story building adjacent, occupied by Taylor's clothing store, Gagin's merchant tailor, and the Merrimack club room, caught fire, and with its stock was damaged to the extent \$60,000.

While this fire was in progress another broke out in the Delevan house stable, which was quickly subdued, together with five horses, loss, \$4,300. But a blacksmith shop was partly burned, and a building occupied by A. W. Crum, stove dealer, and William B. Pease, painter, was destroyed. Total loss, \$8,800. A dwelling house, Hammond court was destroyed. Loss, \$800. Several small buildings in the neighborhood were partly destroyed.

A 2 p. m. a third fire gutted a small tenement in Locke street. The saloonist fire originated in a defective chimney. The other fires were evidently of incendiary origin. During the afternoon unsuccessful attempts were made to fire several other buildings.

Scraper's New Monthly Magazine.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Mr. Charles Scribner, of the publishing house of Charles Scribner's Sons, of this city, said that the firm would begin the publication of a new magazine as soon as the "necessary arrangements could be perfected. Beyond this," said Mr. Scribner, "the firm has no intention to make public." It is proposed to illustrate fully, and for some time active preparations have been going on in the engaging of authors, and the preparation of a list of names for the appearance of the first number, is probable that before the end of the year No. 1 of Scribner's Magazine will be in the hands of readers, but certainly not later than January, 1887. The editor will be Mr. E. R. Burleigh, son of Mr. Amos Burleigh, formerly a long time American minister to China. He has been for many years connected with the house of Charles Scribner's Sons as literary adviser.

Mr. Scribner desires it to be understood that the proposed magazine is an entirely new enterprise, and in no way an outgrowth or revival of the old Scribner's monthly.

Entomologist's Suffers.

NEW YORK, July 12.—An entomologist offering \$20 a month each to six American, German or Swedish seamen for a four months' voyage to Hudson bay, was printed in a morning edition of the Herald long before noon the sixth berth were filled.

"We want the men to carry out of New York," said the agent in the office of Jay Gould & Co., 127 Broadway street, who advertised the notice. "Up to this time vessels sailing up Hudson bay for whalebone, oil and walrus blubber, and carrying a full crew of men, have been sent away only one year, but under the new plan the vessels we send up the bay will carry their provisions and relieve them of their cargoes, thus saving them the expense of another year and greatly increase the profits of their cruise. We find no difficulty in getting men to go. Just now we have a full crew of unemployed sailors, who are glad, in this weather as this, to go on the short run to Hudson bay, rather than start for India or China."

Horrible Accident.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Mary Maloney, a young woman employed in the West End laundry, 549 West Madison street, was the victim of a horrible accident. She was killed by a scalding water, which was lifted from the boiler. She would undoubtedly have been killed had not the strain been so great as to break her scalp, which was torn from her head. She was found lying on the ground, and was taken to the hospital, but she died before she could be removed. The scald was so severe that the physicians fear the girl may not recover her life.

An Insane Woman Disappears.

ST. PAUL, July 12.—Mrs. Fannie Renshaw, wife of Rev. J. B. Renshaw, of Plainview, Minn., became insane at the time of birth of a son some seven years ago. She was confined to the insane asylum for the infant. She was treated at an asylum in Britain, Ill., and apparently cured of her insanity, but still retained her dislike for her son, and was cared for by relatives away from her. Mrs. Renshaw has lately lived with her sister at Minneapolis. Monday she left home unnoticed, and all trace of her is lost. She was an accomplished and intellectual woman, and her many friends are distressed by her disappearance.

Ministry Forward.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—Advices from Honolulu show the formation of a ministry are as follows: W. M. Gibson, premier and minister of the interior; Robert J. Craighead, formerly an editorial writer at the San Francisco Morning, minister of foreign affairs; Paul Knapp, minister of finance; and Sir John T. Denham, minister of justice. The police chief of San Francisco, attorney general. It is reported that Phil Newmann, late attorney general, will succeed Mr. Carter as minister plenipotentiary at Washington.

Mysteriously Poisoned.

LANCASTER, O., July 12.—Lewis Ayers is at the point of death from arsenic poisoning. There are but a dozen stories as to how the death was taken, the most prominent of which is that it is foul play. He drank a cup of coffee, and it was taken with a fatal result. He was endeavoring to secure a divorce, and was then taken sick immediately afterwards, but whether the poison was administered in this or whether it was taken with a fatal result remains yet to be proven.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The Grant Monument Fund Association is not doing much business now. The committee has been reduced to considerably less than the original number. The total amount in the hands of the treasurer up to date is \$191,000, a little more than one-tenth of the sum originally contemplated.

WARD'S WALK-OVER.

Proceedings of Saturday's Mass Meeting.

The Democratic mass meeting held last Saturday afternoon to select delegates to the Superior Court convention at Lexington next Friday was quiet and uneventful. Owing to the fact that there was no contest, only a few of the faithful turned out. Everything was "harmoniously harmonious." A Republican, who looked in on the meeting, authorized us to say that it was the "quietest and most respectable political meeting ever held in this city." This is true, but the BULLETIN takes this opportunity to say that the Democrats of this county have quit holding any other kind of conventions, for a time at least. No good is ever accomplished by gathering together a howling mob whose sole object is to rule, or raise a wrangle and break up the meeting. Harm always results from such disgraceful gatherings. Saturday's convention met, transacted its business and adjourned in less time than it takes to write this out.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS OF MEETING.

The convention Saturday was called to order at one o'clock by Hon. Emory Whitaker, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the county. On motion of Charles D. Newell, Esq., Hon. E. L. Worthington was unanimously chosen permanent chairman of the meeting. After the object of the convention was stated, James H. Sallee, Esq., moved the election of Hon. R. B. Lovel as permanent secretary. The motion was carried, with but one dissenting voice, that of the gentleman who was being voted for.

Dr. Jas. Shackelford offered the following resolutions, which it is safe to say, embody the sentiments not only of Mason County Democracy, but of the entire district.

Resolved, That as Democrats and citizens of Mason County, we are proud of the ability impartiality and integrity displayed by Hon. J. Quincy Ward as Judge of the Superior Court, and the delegates from this county to the Lexington Convention are hereby entrusted to cast the vote of Mason County solid for him in that convention.

Resolved, That all good Democrats from Mason County, who shall attend the Lexington Convention, are hereby appointed delegates thereto.

Resolved, The MAYVILLE BULLETIN and Mayville Eagle and other Democratic papers of this district are requested to publish the proceedings of this convention.

The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

On motion the convention adjourned sine die.

E. L. WORTHINGTON, Chairman.

R. B. LOVEL, Secretary.

KENTUCKY POLITICS.

Will L. Fitch has declined the Republican nomination for County Attorney, and the "State of Lewis," and another "full ticket" has been "busted."

In the Nineteenth Judicial district, J. Bamford White, of Estill County, has been nominated for Judge by the Democrats, and James P. Marrs, of Letcher, for Commonwealth's Attorney.

It is reported, and we presume the report is true, that Hon. W. H. Wadsworth is anxious to make the race again for Congress. Well, we hope our Republican friends will trot him out. We can beat him with Wall, Savage or Bascom, either one. William Henry will find Jordan a hard road to travel in this race. —Exchange.

An effort is being made in the Covington district to settle the differences between Desha and Arthur, the two contesting Democrats for Circuit Judge. Desha has offered to submit the question as to who is the rightful nominee to the State Central Committee, but Arthur hasn't yet consented to any such arrangement. Although the usual Democratic majority in that district is about 3,000, still with the vote divided, Fennell, the Republican nominee, would very likely be elected. If Desha and Arthur do not soon settle their troubles, there is a probability that both will be withdrawn. The good of the party in that district demands harmony in its rank and file.

The Kentucky Democrat deserves praise for such sentiments as expressed in the following: "The time has come in the history of Kentucky when it is almost impossible for a poor man to run for office, and the sooner the evil is stopped the better for the whole people. Everybody knows that money is spent by both parties in elections, and therefore one can't say to the other, 'I am holier than thou.' If every trilling whelp in the State, who is always in market at election time, ready to sell out to the highest bidder, were sent to the penitentiary and encased in a striped suit, and made to do honest work, he would only get his deserts. We suggest to candidates on both sides for once to give these miserable hounds who have not the spirit of free dom the go by."

Our Courier-Circuit's correspondent wasn't a good prophet. He predicted the defeat of the railroad proposition.

TWO BODIES IN ONE GRAVE.

A Stranger Pays for the Funeral of a Suicide and His Son.

New York, July 12.—The remains of Joseph Werner, who shot his son Joseph H. and then committed suicide in a Fourth street apartment house, Wednesday morning, will be buried to-day in the New York Bay cemetery, near Bayonne. The two bodies will rest together in one grave. There will be no religious ceremony.

The simple funeral has been paid for by a stranger, a friend of the father, Benedict yesterday and asked him to take charge of the burials. He refused to give his name, but said he was a friend of the dead man and immediately paid the undertaker's bill. He seemed to be well acquainted with the habits of Werner, and stated that he believed the general cause of the father was the shock the day previous to the shooting Werner had been in receipt of a letter from a relative in Dubuque, Ia., denying a request for a loan. He said that a brother of Werner is a judge in Iowa, and he thought it extremely probable that this letter, which the suicide destroyed, came from this brother.

Mrs. Basler, of No. 123 Sullivan street, who lived with the Werners in Third street, said that fifteen years ago, when Werner married Mary Mattie Van Brunt, who was only fifteen years old, he was engaged in stock speculation. He failed and then went into the tailoring business. The marriage was at the instigation of the girl's grandmother, Mrs. Bradley, who was for many years a fortune-teller. The marriage was not a happy one and the wife subsequently went on the stage.

Under Arrest for Horse Stealing.

GREENSBURG, Ind., July 12.—Tom Foster, of Osgood, passed through this city in custody of the sheriff of Boone county, Ind., charged with horse stealing. He was arrested at Osgood, and threats were made by some of his friends of rescuing him from the officer. He has made quite a record of late, and was convicted a few months ago for receiving stolen property. The case was appealed, and reviewed by the supreme court, and on his return home he gave bond. His friends claim he is not guilty of the charge, and will be able to prove his innocence.

Lima Oil Notes.

LIMA, O., July 12.—The Sanford well commenced flowing before the tubing was more than half in, and is making 150 barrels. The tools were recovered from the West-minster well. The well is ten miles east and will be sunk 3,000 feet.

A. A. Hopkins' seven wells are producing 300 barrels a day.

The gas well at Carey was shot and is flowing gas 300 pounds pressure.

Lake Collision.

CHICAGO, July 12.—About 10 o'clock, when thirty miles out from Mukwonago, the steamer City of Milwaukee and the steam barge Milwaukee, striking her almost instantaneously, sank the Milwaukee. The crew of the Milwaukee jumped aboard the other vessel as the two came in contact. The wreckage of the Milwaukee was seen below and went down with the vessel. The Milwaukee was valued at \$12,000, partially insured. She lies in about 300 feet of water.

The \$3,000,000 Suit.

New York, July 12.—The jury in the \$3,000,000 suit of Receiver Farnsworth of the Bankers' & Merchants' Telegraph company, against the Western Union, for cutting the wires of the telegraph company, filed into Judge Lawrence's court at 6:30 a. m., the hour for the resumption of the court, and announced that they had given a verdict of \$340,000 in favor of the plaintiff.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sore throats, rheumatism, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. C. Pecor & Co.

Do You Know?

That DuLa's Swiss Balsam is the best remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, etc.

That Swiss Balsam will cure that neglected cold. Delays are dangerous.

That Swiss Balsam contains no morphine or opium, thus making it the best and safest cough remedy for children. Pleasant to take.

That this valuable remedy only costs 25 cents a bottle and can be had at J. C. Pecor & Co's.

An Entertaining, Reliable House.

J. C. Pecor & Co. can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of everything, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well-known merit, and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee, will surely cure any and every affection of Throat, Lungs and Chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a trial bottle free.

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of the pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial bottles of this great discovery for consumption free at J. C. Pecor & Co's.

What Can Be Done.

By trying and keeping up courage many things seemingly impossible may be accomplished. Cases of hopeless cases of kidney and liver complaint have been cured by Electric Bitters, after everything else had been tried in vain. So, don't think there is no cure for you, but try Electric Bitters. There is no medicine so safe, so pure, and so perfect a blood purifier. Electric Bitters will cure dyspepsia, indigestion and all diseases of the kidneys. Invaluable in affections of stomach and liver, and overcome all urinary difficulties. Large bottle only 50 cents at J. C. Pecor & Co's.

MONTHLY CROP REPORT.

SUMMARY OF THE CONDITION OF THE VARIOUS CROPS.

Report from the Agricultural Department at Washington, Showing the Present Condition of Crops Compared with the Previous Month and Last Year.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The following summary of the crops has been issued at the agricultural department:

"The cotton returns to the department of agriculture for July 12 represent the crop ten to fifteen days late, the low grounds saturated with the excessive rains of June, a general prevalence of the aphid, and such conditions and a smothering growth of grass and weeds. The drier uplands show a vigorous plant growth and in full-handed plantations clear cultivation. This description will apply to all the states except Texas, Arkansas and Tennessee. There has been improvement during June in these states and retrograde in all the others. There will be a small area abandoned from inability to cultivate it, and some injury to plants will result in the process of cleaning. Reduction in condition is mainly in North and South Carolina, Alabama and Mississippi. Georgia was reported low in June.

The general average of condition is 93. In 1885, 87 on the first of June. Last year it was 90 in July, a gain of four points during June, favorable weather in July, with prompt destruction of weeds may advance condition, but further rains or long continued drought will work serious injury to the crop. While a fair product may yet be possible east of the Mississippi, the condition of that portion of the crop may be considered somewhat critical. The average by states are as follows: Virginia, 92; North Carolina, 91; South Carolina, 79; Georgia, 81; Mississippi, 84; Louisiana, 84; Texas, 97; Arkansas, 92; Tennessee, 98. The average of some very slightly declined in the Middle states, and in Maryland, Virginia and South Carolina, with some increase in other states of the south, which is largely west of the Mississippi.

In the Ohio valley the acreage is nearly the same as in 1885. West of the Mississippi the increase is heavy, in Kansas 30 per cent., Nebraska 10, Dakota 37. The total increase is 13 per cent., or about one-half a million acres. Corn is late on the Atlantic coast, from wet weather, cool nights, and slow germination. In many sections the seed rotted and replanting became necessary. The conditions are reported of planting three times. Yet there is generally a fair stand, and the crop growing well. In the West, the weather will make a full yield. It has suffered quite as much on the Gulf coast, where the wet areas are still more unpromising.

The red lands generally bear a vigorous growth, while in the gray soils and bottom lands the plants are yellowing and spindling. Some of the areas have already been abandoned. Some parts of Texas have been dry, but abundant recent rains will suffice for a good crop in the eastern or central counties. Arkansas shows high condition, but Tennessee reports injury from low temperature and excessive rains. The great corn belt of the West reports medium to high condition, growing better from Ohio to Kansas. The Missouri valley averages better than the Ohio river and lake region. There has been a fall stand in Missouri, vigorous and even growth and ten days earlier than last year. The Kansas returns are equally favorable. Insect injuries have now become serious. The chinch bug is now threatening some localities in the West.

The general average is 95 against 94 last year, and 91 in 1884. The state averages of the following states are: New York, 91; Pennsylvania, 88; Virginia, 92; Georgia, 92; Texas, 97; Louisiana, 84; Indiana, 90; Michigan, 96; Illinois, 97; Missouri, 101; Kansas, 102; Nebraska, 95; Iowa, 90.

The condition of winter wheat is reported for the first of July in the northern states not harvested, and in southern states as it appeared at the time of harvest.

The average has declined from 92.7 to 91.3. New York reports a decline of four points; Pennsylvania 5; Kentucky 2; Michigan 6; Missouri 1; Kansas 3; Ohio and Indiana remain about the same, and a gain of one point.

The condition of spring wheat has declined from 95 in June to 85 in consequence of high temperature, drying winds and lack of rain. In the principal states the decline has been: Wisconsin, from 97 to 75; Minnesota, 90 to 78; Iowa, 100 to 90; Nebraska 97 to 83 and Dakota from 90 to 71.

The condition of oats averages 80, a decline of seven points.

Rye fairly maintains its position, averaging 95.

The average of barley is 90.

A RABBIT DOG.

Causes a Panic in Chicago and Bites One Person.

CHICAGO, July 12.—At 8 o'clock last evening a rabbit dog rushed down Halsted street, near the corner of Thirty-third street, causing a general stampede among pedestrians. Hugo Lavey, a nineteen-year-old boy, was unable to get out of the animal's way, and was bitten. The dog then ran into a saloon, filled with customers. The appearance of the animal, with eyes flashing and mouth frothing, snapping at all objects within its reach, caused great consternation in the saloon. Everybody, the proprietor included, vacated the premises, bolting through doors and windows, and falling over each other in wild confusion.

The dog retained possession of the place until officers came and killed him with their revolvers. They had a desperate fight, however, and narrowly escaped being bitten. Hugo Lavey was attended by a doctor, who cauterized the wound, and the boy was taken to New York to be treated by the Pasteur method. During the mad dog's run along Halsted street he bit another dog, which escaped the efforts of the crowd to kill it.

A Small Cyclone.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 12.—This city and vicinity was swept by a cyclone storm at 7 o'clock last evening, which showed very terrific the people. The funnel-shaped black cloud was appalling. So far as can be learned, great destruction was done, although trees were blown down and wrecked everywhere, and the street car lines blocked, signs torn down and small buildings demolished. In the midst of the storm a turtle weighing twenty pounds fell from a cloud upon the sidewalk, narrowly missing a pedestrian. It is peculiar that the turtle apparently brought from a distance by the cyclone.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

Seersucker Coats and Vests;
Silk Pongee Coats and Vests;
Alpaca Coats and Vests;
Children's Waists;
Light-Weight Suits in various fabrics; prices LOWER than any other house in the State.

The season is here for them and we have them for you.

Seeing is believing, so come and look at them.

HECHINGER & CO.

ODDFELLOWS' HALL.

A BANQUE OF BARGAINS,

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR BUYERS, FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.

1,000 yards Checked Nainsooks at 7½ and 8 cents; 1,000 yards India Linens at 10 and 12½ cents; 2,000 yards Figured Lawns at 4½ cents; 2,500 yards Figured Lawns at 5 cents; Curtain Scrims at 12½, 15 and 20 cents per yard; Lace Curtains at \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00 per pair; 500 pairs Lisle Thread and Silk Gloves at 20, 25, 35, 40 and 50 cents per pair; 100 Parasols at 50 per cent. less than cost; 1,000 Fans at 5, 10 and 15 cents each. We have reduced the prices on our Gingham, seersuckers and Sateens. If you want goods cheap, call at 24, Market street.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.

Neuralgia

CAN BE CURED WITHOUT THE USE OF OPIUM OR MORPHINE!
The Medical Refracted at St. Louis, says: "In June I was afflicted with Neuralgia. It was a most painful and distressing condition. I was unable to do any work, and my health was greatly impaired. I had consulted many physicians, but without success. I then tried Dr. J. C. Pecor's Neuralgia Remedy, and in a few days I was completely cured. I can now do my work as usual, and my health is restored. I am very grateful to Dr. J. C. Pecor for his valuable remedy." —J. C. PECOR, M.D., St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

SPRING AT OUR DOOR.

NESBITT & MCKRELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF DRY GOODS, HATS, AND FUR.

MANUFACTURERS OF DRY GOODS, HATS, AND FUR. We are now ready to furnish you with any of the new shades. A beautiful line of All-Wool Combination Suits. French and Domestic Sateens.

SEERSUCKER AND ZEPHYR GINGHAMS

With Colored Embroidery and Lace to match. All-over Hamburg and Egyptian Lace and Lace Flouncings. A large line of new Hamburg Edgings, in good widths, at 12½, 15, 20 and 25 cents. Don't fail to see them. 624-711 will pay you for them. Station street, next door below the postoffice, before buying anything in the Dry Goods line.

NESBITT & MCKRELL.

J. BALLENGER.

DIAMONDS,

WATCHES, AND JEWELRY.

SPECTACLES.

FANCY GOODS.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

FOR SALE. A RARE CHANCE!

Twelfth Day of August, 1886,

At 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of considering and acting upon the contract for the consolidation of the said company with the Elizabethtown, Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad Company, which has been heretofore approved by the Boards of Directors of said companies.

By order of the President and Board of Directors. F. H. DAVIS, Secretary.

July 7, 1886.

The factory building for rent or lease to parties purchasing above plant. Apply to J. L. ATKINSON, Mayville, Ky. J-14

D. B. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,

Dentist.

Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

People of the Times given in a terse and spicy manner.

It seems probable that the Boston \$5 dollar parliamentary fund will exceed \$21,000 after all expenses are paid.

Col. Lena A. Harris, of Cincinnati, has been acquitted of the charge of shooting W. H. Adams. It is an old case.

A strike in the Augusta, Ga., cotton factory does the establishment and throws over 300 hands out of employment.

The Steele, Dak., jail breakers—Wolf, Cos and Mack—held on charges of murder, arson and burglary, were captured and returned to jail.

The steam barge, Hickox, bound for Chicago and loaded with lumber, collided with the barge Milwaukee, sinking her in deep water. The crew barely had time to escape, one being lost.

The body of Thomas Small was found near Carthage, Mo. He was a son of Capt. John Small, a prominent farmer. He had evidently been murdered, as there was a bullet hole in his right temple.

The Citizens' committee, composed of mechanics, manufacturers and mechanics, of Painesville, Ohio, of every nationality, send Parnell \$500 as a part of their contributions to the parliamentary fund.

The respectable element in Rowan county, Kentucky, is prepared to restore peace even if it becomes necessary to drive the lawless persons from the county. Militia has been ordered to Rowan county by Governor Knott.

Joe Terry, an old-time ranchman living about eighty-five miles up the Tongue river, was shot and killed by a cowboy named Ed. Brown. The killing was the result of an old feud, and Brown gave himself into custody of the officers.

The thirteenth national conference of Charities and Corrections will be held in St. Paul from July 15 to 21. Invitation have been extended to the governors of all the states and territories to be present, and numbers have been accepted.

The St. Joseph, Mo., grand jury have returned 104 indictments, most of which are against saloon men, who are charged with selling liquor without a license and with violating the Sunday law. The court, it is believed, will impose the severest fine possible.

Two tramps, halting at a brook near Bradford, Pa., concluded to wash their clothes. Finding some empty nitro-glycerine cans they proceeded to melt off the tops in a fire, to utilize the cans for water pails. One of the cans contained a few drops of nitro-glycerine, which exploded, killing one of the men.

In consequence of the prospective adjournment of congress without considering the bill to authorize the bureau of animal industry to extirpate pleuro-pneumonia, the Breeders' Gazette, of Chicago, charges Hon. William H. Hatch, the chairman of the committee on agriculture, with having obstructed its passage.

The Carriage-makers' Club, of Cincinnati, held a meeting and discussed the practicability of a guild for the better mutual relations of employers and employees. A constitution has been prepared and presented to the workmen for consideration. The manufacturers of Cincinnati have an output of 100,000 buggies, and employ 5,000 men. Cincinnati leads the cities of the world in this industry.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—For Ohio: Local rains, followed by fair weather, slightly cooler, variable winds, generally northerly.

For Indiana: Generally fair weather, stationery temperature, northerly winds, becoming variable.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets, July 13.

New York—Money 3 per cent. Exchange quiet. Governments firm.

Currency exch. 100 francs, 125 1/2; 100 marks, 113 1/2.

The stock market opened at about yesterday's prices, and during the first thirty minutes was quiet, but after the first hour, values advanced 1/2 to 3/4 per cent. Both these markets were quite actively bought. The buying activity died out after the first hour, and the market tapered into a listless condition, and has so remained up to the present writing. The early advance, however, has been sustained. Western Union was only slightly affected by the verdict in the case of Receiver Farquhar.

Flour—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No. 60, 0.05; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; No. 73, 0.00; No. 74, 0.00; No. 75, 0.00; No. 76, 0.00; No. 77, 0.00; No. 78, 0.00; No. 79, 0.00; No. 80, 0.00; No. 81, 0.00; No. 82, 0.00; No. 83, 0.00; No. 84, 0.00; No. 85, 0.00; No. 86, 0.00; No. 87, 0.00; No. 88, 0.00; No. 89, 0.00; No. 90, 0.00; No. 91, 0.00; No. 92, 0.00; No. 93, 0.00; No. 94, 0.00; No. 95, 0.00; No. 96, 0.00; No. 97, 0.00; No. 98, 0.00; No. 99, 0.00; No. 100, 0.00.

Wheat—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No. 60, 0.05; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; No. 73, 0.00; No. 74, 0.00; No. 75, 0.00; No. 76, 0.00; No. 77, 0.00; No. 78, 0.00; No. 79, 0.00; No. 80, 0.00; No. 81, 0.00; No. 82, 0.00; No. 83, 0.00; No. 84, 0.00; No. 85, 0.00; No. 86, 0.00; No. 87, 0.00; No. 88, 0.00; No. 89, 0.00; No. 90, 0.00; No. 91, 0.00; No. 92, 0.00; No. 93, 0.00; No. 94, 0.00; No. 95, 0.00; No. 96, 0.00; No. 97, 0.00; No. 98, 0.00; No. 99, 0.00; No. 100, 0.00.

Wheat—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No. 60, 0.05; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; No. 73, 0.00; No. 74, 0.00; No. 75, 0.00; No. 76, 0.00; No. 77, 0.00; No. 78, 0.00; No. 79, 0.00; No. 80, 0.00; No. 81, 0.00; No. 82, 0.00; No. 83, 0.00; No. 84, 0.00; No. 85, 0.00; No. 86, 0.00; No. 87, 0.00; No. 88, 0.00; No. 89, 0.00; No. 90, 0.00; No. 91, 0.00; No. 92, 0.00; No. 93, 0.00; No. 94, 0.00; No. 95, 0.00; No. 96, 0.00; No. 97, 0.00; No. 98, 0.00; No. 99, 0.00; No. 100, 0.00.

Wheat—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No. 60, 0.05; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; No. 73, 0.00; No. 74, 0.00; No. 75, 0.00; No. 76, 0.00; No. 77, 0.00; No. 78, 0.00; No. 79, 0.00; No. 80, 0.00; No. 81, 0.00; No. 82, 0.00; No. 83, 0.00; No. 84, 0.00; No. 85, 0.00; No. 86, 0.00; No. 87, 0.00; No. 88, 0.00; No. 89, 0.00; No. 90, 0.00; No. 91, 0.00; No. 92, 0.00; No. 93, 0.00; No. 94, 0.00; No. 95, 0.00; No. 96, 0.00; No. 97, 0.00; No. 98, 0.00; No. 99, 0.00; No. 100, 0.00.

Wheat—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No. 60, 0.05; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; No. 73, 0.00; No. 74, 0.00; No. 75, 0.00; No. 76, 0.00; No. 77, 0.00; No. 78, 0.00; No. 79, 0.00; No. 80, 0.00; No. 81, 0.00; No. 82, 0.00; No. 83, 0.00; No. 84, 0.00; No. 85, 0.00; No. 86, 0.00; No. 87, 0.00; No. 88, 0.00; No. 89, 0.00; No. 90, 0.00; No. 91, 0.00; No. 92, 0.00; No. 93, 0.00; No. 94, 0.00; No. 95, 0.00; No. 96, 0.00; No. 97, 0.00; No. 98, 0.00; No. 99, 0.00; No. 100, 0.00.

Wheat—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No. 60, 0.05; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; No. 73, 0.00; No. 74, 0.00; No. 75, 0.00; No. 76, 0.00; No. 77, 0.00; No. 78, 0.00; No. 79, 0.00; No. 80, 0.00; No. 81, 0.00; No. 82, 0.00; No. 83, 0.00; No. 84, 0.00; No. 85, 0.00; No. 86, 0.00; No. 87, 0.00; No. 88, 0.00; No. 89, 0.00; No. 90, 0.00; No. 91, 0.00; No. 92, 0.00; No. 93, 0.00; No. 94, 0.00; No. 95, 0.00; No. 96, 0.00; No. 97, 0.00; No. 98, 0.00; No. 99, 0.00; No. 100, 0.00.

Wheat—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No. 60, 0.05; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; No. 73, 0.00; No. 74, 0.00; No. 75, 0.00; No. 76, 0.00; No. 77, 0.00; No. 78, 0.00; No. 79, 0.00; No. 80, 0.00; No. 81, 0.00; No. 82, 0.00; No. 83, 0.00; No. 84, 0.00; No. 85, 0.00; No. 86, 0.00; No. 87, 0.00; No. 88, 0.00; No. 89, 0.00; No. 90, 0.00; No. 91, 0.00; No. 92, 0.00; No. 93, 0.00; No. 94, 0.00; No. 95, 0.00; No. 96, 0.00; No. 97, 0.00; No. 98, 0.00; No. 99, 0.00; No. 100, 0.00.

Wheat—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No. 60, 0.05; No. 61, 0.00; No. 62, 0.00; No. 63, 0.00; No. 64, 0.00; No. 65, 0.00; No. 66, 0.00; No. 67, 0.00; No. 68, 0.00; No. 69, 0.00; No. 70, 0.00; No. 71, 0.00; No. 72, 0.00; No. 73, 0.00; No. 74, 0.00; No. 75, 0.00; No. 76, 0.00; No. 77, 0.00; No. 78, 0.00; No. 79, 0.00; No. 80, 0.00; No. 81, 0.00; No. 82, 0.00; No. 83, 0.00; No. 84, 0.00; No. 85, 0.00; No. 86, 0.00; No. 87, 0.00; No. 88, 0.00; No. 89, 0.00; No. 90, 0.00; No. 91, 0.00; No. 92, 0.00; No. 93, 0.00; No. 94, 0.00; No. 95, 0.00; No. 96, 0.00; No. 97, 0.00; No. 98, 0.00; No. 99, 0.00; No. 100, 0.00.

Wheat—No. 1, 100 lb. 3.00; No. 2, 2.95; No. 3, 2.90; No. 4, 2.85; No. 5, 2.80; No. 6, 2.75; No. 7, 2.70; No. 8, 2.65; No. 9, 2.60; No. 10, 2.55; No. 11, 2.50; No. 12, 2.45; No. 13, 2.40; No. 14, 2.35; No. 15, 2.30; No. 16, 2.25; No. 17, 2.20; No. 18, 2.15; No. 19, 2.10; No. 20, 2.05; No. 21, 2.00; No. 22, 1.95; No. 23, 1.90; No. 24, 1.85; No. 25, 1.80; No. 26, 1.75; No. 27, 1.70; No. 28, 1.65; No. 29, 1.60; No. 30, 1.55; No. 31, 1.50; No. 32, 1.45; No. 33, 1.40; No. 34, 1.35; No. 35, 1.30; No. 36, 1.25; No. 37, 1.20; No. 38, 1.15; No. 39, 1.10; No. 40, 1.05; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 0.95; No. 43, 0.90; No. 44, 0.85; No. 45, 0.80; No. 46, 0.75; No. 47, 0.70; No. 48, 0.65; No. 49, 0.60; No. 50, 0.55; No. 51, 0.50; No. 52, 0.45; No. 53, 0.40; No. 54, 0.35; No. 55, 0.30; No. 56, 0.25; No. 57, 0.20; No. 58, 0.15; No. 59, 0.10; No.